

Lesson 15: Equal Groups, Larger Numbers

Standards Alignments

Addressing 3.MD.C.7.c, 3.OA.A.3, 3.OA.B.5

Building Towards 3.OA.C.7

Teacher-facing Learning Goals

 Multiply within 100, where one factor is a teen number.

Student-facing Learning Goals

 Let's solve some problems with equal groups that have larger numbers.

Lesson Purpose

The purpose of this lesson is for students to multiply within 100, where one factor is a teen number.

The work of this lesson connects to previous work because students have seen a variety of ways to represent and solve problems in which one of the factors is a teen number. In this lesson students use their choice of strategy and representation to solve these types of problems. Students participate in a gallery walk to highlight different ways that they solved problems with a synthesis that highlights the area diagram to represent one of the problems. Students' attention is drawn to scaling of area diagrams during the warm-up. While it's not important that student representations are exact, it is important that any area diagrams presented to students are to scale.

Access for:

③ Students with Disabilities

• Engagement (Activity 1)

3 English Learners

MLR8 (Activity 2)

Instructional Routines

Which One Doesn't Belong? (Warm-up)

Materials to Gather

Base-ten blocks: Activity 1

Sticky notes: Activity 2

Tools for creating a visual display: Activity 1

Materials to Copy

 Centimeter Grid Paper - Standard (groups of 2): Activity 1



Lesson Timeline

Warm-up	10 min
Activity 1	20 min
Activity 2	15 min
Lesson Synthesis	10 min
Cool-down	5 min

Teacher Reflection Question

What question do you wish you had asked today? When and why should you have asked it?

Cool-down (to be completed at the end of the lesson)

O 5 min

Find the Area

Standards Alignments

Addressing 3.OA.A.3

Student-facing Task Statement

A rectangle is 6 feet by 15 feet. What is the area of the rectangle? Explain or show your reasoning.

Student Responses

90 square feet. Sample response: $6 \times 10 = 60$, $6 \times 5 = 30$, 60 + 30 = 90