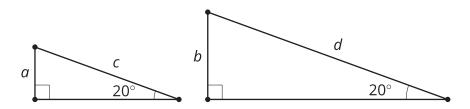
Unit 4 Lesson 4: Ratios in Right Triangles

1 Ratio Rivalry (Warm up)

Student Task Statement



Consider $\frac{a}{c}$ and $\frac{b}{d}$. Which is greater, or are they equal? Explain how you know.

2 Tons of Triangles

Student Task Statement

Your teacher will give you some angles.

- 1. Draw several right triangles using the angles you receive.
- 2. Precisely measure the side lengths of the triangles.
- 3. Complete the tables by computing 3 quotients for the acute angles in each triangle:a. The length of the leg adjacent to your angle divided by the length of the hypotenuse
 - b. The length of the leg opposite from your angle divided by the length of the hypotenuse
 - c. The length of the leg opposite from your angle divided by the length of the leg adjacent to your angle
- 4. Find the mean of each column in your table.
- 5. What do you notice about your table? What do you wonder about your table?

3 Tons of Ratios

Student Task Statement

- 1. Compare the row for 20 degrees and the row for 70 degrees in the right triangle table. What is the same? What is different?
- 2. The row for 55 degrees is given here. Complete the row for 35 degrees.

angle	adjacent leg ÷ hypotenuse	opposite leg ÷ hypotenuse	opposite leg ÷ adjacent leg
35°			
55°	0.574	0.819	1.428

3. What do you know about a triangle with an adjacent leg to hypotenuse ratio value of 0.839?