Unit 7 Lesson 18: Applying the Quadratic Formula (Part 2)

1 Bits and Pieces (Warm up)

Student Task Statement

Evaluate each expression for a = 9, b = -5, and c = -2

- 1. -*b*
- 2. *b*²
- 3. $b^2 4ac$
- 4. - $b \pm \sqrt{a}$

2 Using the Formula with Care

Student Task Statement

Here are four equations, followed by attempts to solve them using the quadratic formula. Each attempt contains at least one error.

- Solve 1–2 equations by using the quadratic formula.
- Then, find and describe the error(s) in the worked solutions of the same equations as the ones you solved.

Equation 1: $2x^2 + 3 = 8x$ Equation 2: $x^2 + 3x = 10$ Equation 3: $9x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$ Equation 4: $x^2 - 10x + 23 = 0$

Here are the worked solutions with errors:

Equation 1:
$$2x^2 + 3 = 8x$$

 $a = 2, b = -8, c = 3$
Equation 2: $x^2 + 3x = 10$
 $a = 1, b = 3, c = 10$
 $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
 $x = \frac{-(-8) \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(2)(3)}}{2(2)}$
 $x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 - 24}}{4}$
 $x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{40}}{4}$
 $x = 2 \pm \sqrt{10}$
Equation 2: $x^2 + 3x = 10$
 $a = 1, b = 3, c = 10$
 $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(1)(10)}}{2(1)}$
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 - 40}}{2}$
No solutions

a = 9, b = -2, c = -1

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$
$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(9)(-1)}}{2}$$
$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 36}}{2}$$
$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{40}}{2}$$

Equation 3: $9x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$ Equation 4: $x^2 - 10x + 23 = 0$

$$a = 1, b = -10, c = 23$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{(-10)^2 - 4(1)(23)}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{-100 - 92}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{-192}}{2}$$

No solutions

3 Sure About That?

Student Task Statement

- 1. The equation $h(t) = 2 + 30t 5t^2$ represents the height, as a function of time, of a pumpkin that was catapulted up in the air. Height is measured in meters and time is measured in seconds.
 - a. The pumpkin reached a maximum height of 47 meters. How many seconds after launch did that happen? Show your reasoning.
 - b. Suppose someone was unconvinced by your solution. Find another way (besides the steps you already took) to show your solution is correct.
- 2. The equation $r(p) = 80p p^2$ models the revenue a band expects to collect as a function of the price of one concert ticket. Ticket prices and revenues are in dollars.

A band member says that a ticket price of either \$15.50 or \$74.50 would generate approximately \$1,000 in revenue. Do you agree? Show your reasoning.



Activity Synthesis