

# **Lesson 14: Find the Area of Figures with Missing Sides**

## **Standards Alignments**

Addressing 3.MD.C.7.d

### **Teacher-facing Learning Goals**

 Calculate the area of ungridded figures composed of rectangles, including figures with missing side lengths.

### **Student-facing Learning Goals**

• Let's find the area of figures with missing side lengths.

### **Lesson Purpose**

The purpose of this lesson is for students to calculate the area of ungridded figures made of rectangles, including figures with missing side lengths.

In previous lessons, students found the area of figures that were fully gridded with squares and moved toward figures without a grid but had all their side lengths labeled. In this lesson, students use the strategies they have learned to decompose the figures into non-overlapping rectangles. They realize that not all measurements need to be given, and that some lengths can be determined given the rectangular structure of these figures.

This lesson has a Student Section Summary.

#### **Access for:**

## Students with Disabilities

• Engagement (Activity 2)

## **3** English Learners

• MLR8 (Activity 2)

#### **Instructional Routines**

Notice and Wonder (Warm-up)

#### **Lesson Timeline**

Warm-up	10 min
Activity 1	10 min
Activity 2	25 min

## **Teacher Reflection Question**

Reflect on which students have not shared their strategies in class lately. How can their insight or ways of thinking be highlighted in or tied to upcoming lessons?



Lesson Synthesis	10 min
Cool-down	5 min

## **Cool-down** (to be completed at the end of the lesson)

© 5 min

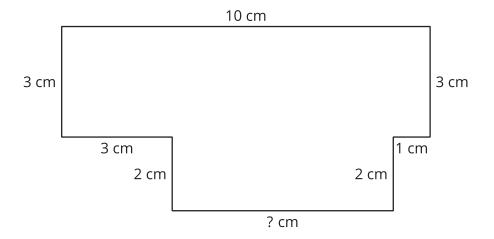
Mystery Side Area

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## **Student-facing Task Statement**

Find the area of the figure. Explain or show your reasoning.



## **Student Responses**

42 sq cm. Sample response: I found the area of the top rectangle to be 30 sq cm because  $3 \times 10 = 30$ . Then I found the missing side length to be 6 cm by subtracting 3 cm and 1 cm from 10 cm because opposite side lengths are equal in a rectangle. Then I found the area of the smaller rectangle on the bottom to be  $2 \times 6$ , which is 12 sq cm. Then I added 30 + 12 to get 42 sq cm.