

Lesson 3 Practice Problems

1. Complete the table. Use powers of 64 in the top row and radicals or rational numbers in the bottom row.

64 ¹	$64^{\frac{1}{2}}$		64 ⁰		64 ⁻¹
64		4		$\frac{1}{8}$	

- 2. Suppose that a friend missed class and never learned what $25^{\frac{1}{2}}$ means.
 - a. Use exponent rules your friend would already know to calculate $25^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 25^{\frac{1}{2}}$.
 - b. Explain why this means that $25^{\frac{1}{2}} = 5$.
- 3. Which expression is equivalent to $16^{\frac{1}{2}}$?
 - A. $\frac{1}{4}$ B. 4 C. 8 D. 16.5



4. Select **all** the expressions equivalent to 4^{10} .

A. $2^{5} \cdot 2^{2}$ B. 2^{20} C. $4^{4} \cdot 4^{6}$ D. $4^{7} \cdot 4^{-3}$ E. $\frac{4^{4}}{4^{-6}}$

(From Unit 3, Lesson 1.)

5. The table shows the edge length and volume of several different cubes. Complete the table using exact values.

edge length (ft)	3			$\sqrt[3]{100}$		$\sqrt[3]{147}$
volume (ft ³)		64	85		125	

(From Unit 3, Lesson 2.)

- 6. A square has side length $\sqrt{82}$ cm. What is the area of the square?
 - A. 9.05 cm²
 - B. 82 cm²
 - C. 164 cm²
 - D. 6724 cm²
 - (From Unit 3, Lesson 2.)