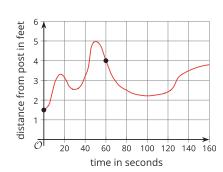
Unit 4 Lesson 2: Function Notation

1 Back to the Post! (Warm up)

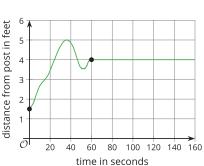
Student Task Statement

Here are the graphs of some situations you saw before. Each graph represents the distance of a dog from a post as a function of time since the dog owner left to purchase something from a store. Distance is measured in feet and time is measured in seconds.

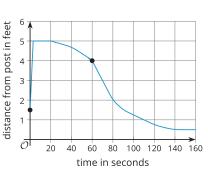
Day 1



Day 2



Day 3



- 1. Use the given graphs to answer these questions about each of the three days:
 - a. How far away was the dog from the post 60 seconds after the owner left?

Day 1:

Day 2:

Day 3:

b. How far away was the dog from the post when the owner left?

Day 1:

Day 2:

Day 3:

c. The owner returned 160 seconds after he left. How far away was the dog from the post at that time?

Day 1:

Day 2:

Day 3:

d. How many seconds passed before the dog reached the farthest point it could reach from the post?

Day 1:

Day 2:

Day 3:

- 2. Consider the statement, "The dog was 2 feet away from the post after 80 seconds." Do you agree with the statement?
- 3. What was the distance of the dog from the post 100 seconds after the owner left?

2 A Handy Notation

Student Task Statement

Let's name the functions that relate the dog's distance from the post and the time since its owner left: function f for Day 1, function g for Day 2, function h for Day 3. The input of each function is time in seconds, f.

1. Use function notation to complete the table.

| | day 1 | day 2 | day 3 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| a. distance from post 60 seconds after the owner left | | | |
| b. distance from post when the owner left | | | |
| c. distance from post 150 seconds after the owner left | | | |

- 2. Describe what each expression represents in this context:
 - a. f(15)
 - b. g(48)
 - c. *h*(*t*)
- 3. The equation g(120) = 4 can be interpreted to mean: "On Day 2, 120 seconds after the dog owner left, the dog was 4 feet from the post."

What does each equation mean in this situation?

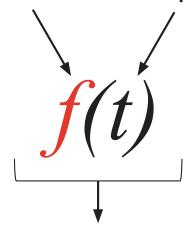
a.
$$h(40) = 4.6$$

b.
$$f(t) = 5$$

c.
$$g(t) = d$$

Activity Synthesis

name of function input of function



output of function

3 Birthdays

Student Task Statement

Rule B takes a person's name as its input, and gives their birthday as the output.

Rule P takes a date as its input and gives a person with that birthday as the output.

| input | output | |
|-----------------|-------------|--|
| Abraham Lincoln | February 12 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| input | output | |
|-----------|-------------------|--|
| August 26 | Katherine Johnson | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

- 1. Complete each table with three more examples of input-output pairs.
- 2. If you use your name as the input to B, how many outputs are possible? Explain how you know.
- 3. If you use your birthday as the input to P, how many outputs are possible? Explain how you know.
- 4. Only one of the two relationships is a function. The other is not a function. Which one is which? Explain how you know.
- 5. For the relationship that is a function, write two input-output pairs from the table using function notation.