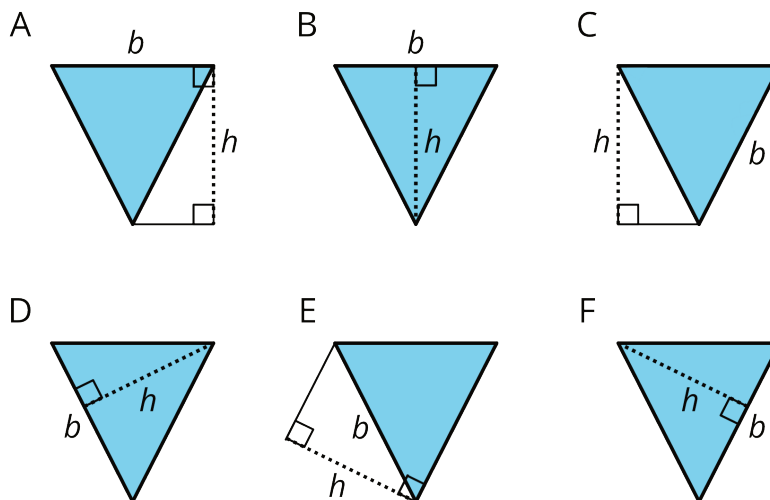


## Lesson 8 Practice Problems

1. Select **all** drawings in which a corresponding height  $h$  for a given base  $b$  is correctly identified.



A. A

B. B

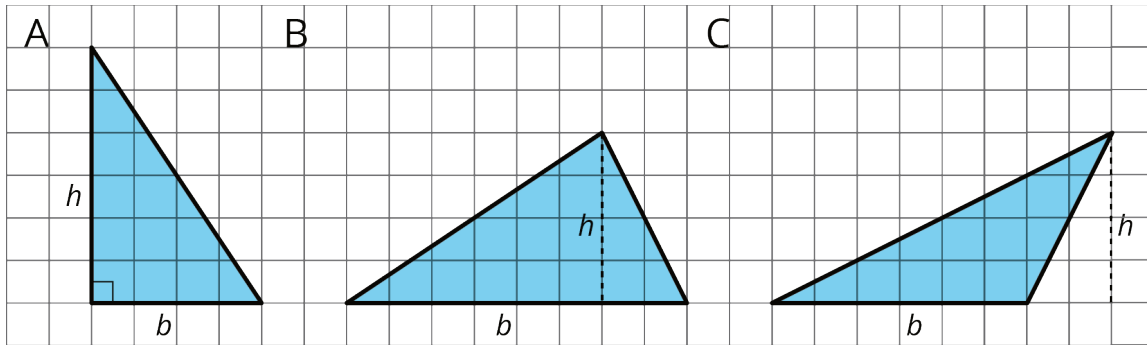
C. C

D. D

E. E

F. F

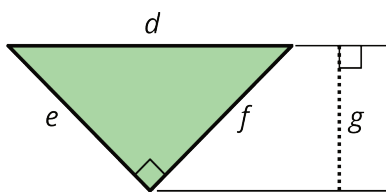
2. For each triangle, a base and its corresponding height are labeled.



a. Find the area of each triangle.

b. How is the area related to the base and its corresponding height?

3. Here is a right triangle. Name a corresponding height for each base.

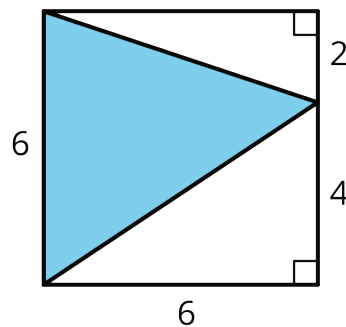


a. Side  $d$

b. Side  $e$

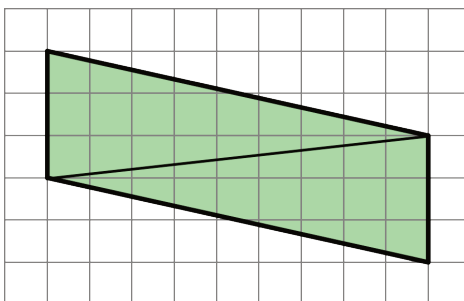
c. Side  $f$

4. Find the area of the shaded triangle. Show your reasoning.



(From Unit 1, Lesson 7.)

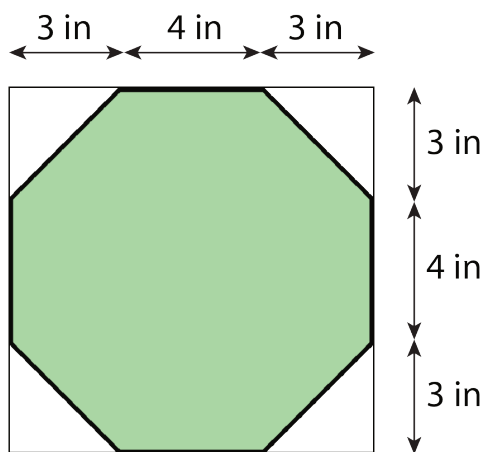
5. Andre drew a line connecting two opposite corners of a parallelogram. Select **all** true statements about the triangles created by the line Andre drew.



- A. Each triangle has two sides that are 3 units long.
- B. Each triangle has a side that is the same length as the diagonal line.
- C. Each triangle has one side that is 3 units long.
- D. When one triangle is placed on top of the other and their sides are aligned, we will see that one triangle is larger than the other.
- E. The two triangles have the same area as each other.

(From Unit 1, Lesson 6.)

6. Here is an octagon. (Note: The diagonal sides of the octagon are *not* 4 inches long.)



- a. While estimating the area of the octagon, Lin reasoned that it must be less than 100 square inches. Do you agree? Explain your reasoning.
- b. Find the exact area of the octagon. Show your reasoning.

(From Unit 1, Lesson 3.)