## Unit 6 Lesson 2: Transformations as Functions

1 Math Talk: Transforming a Point (Warm up)

## Student Task Statement

Mentally find the coordinates of the image of $A$ under each transformation.


- Translate $A$ by the directed line segment from $(0,0)$ to $(0,2)$.
- Translate $A$ by the directed line segment from $(0,0)$ to $(-4,0)$.
- Reflect $A$ across the $x$-axis.
- Rotate $A 180$ degrees clockwise using the origin as a center.


## 2 Inputs and Outputs

## Student Task Statement



1. For each point $(x, y)$, find its image under the transformation $(x+12, y-2)$.
a. $A=(-10,5)$
b. $B=(-4,9)$
c. $C=(-2,6)$
2. Next, sketch triangle $A B C$ and its image on the grid. What transformation is $(x, y) \rightarrow(x+12, y-2) ?$
3. For each point $(x, y)$ in the table, find $(2 x, 2 y)$.

| $(x, y)$ | $(2 x, 2 y)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $(-1,-3)$ |  |
| $(-1,1)$ |  |
| $(5,1)$ |  |
| $(5,-3)$ |  |

4. Next, sketch the original figure (the $(x, y)$ column) and image (the ( $2 x, 2 y$ ) column). What transformation is $(x, y) \rightarrow(2 x, 2 y)$ ?

## 3 What Does it Do?

## Student Task Statement



1. Here are some transformation rules. Apply each rule to quadrilateral $A B C D$ and graph the resulting image. Then describe the transformation.
a. Label this transformation $Q:(x, y) \rightarrow(2 x, y)$
b. Label this transformation $R:(x, y) \rightarrow(x,-y)$
c. Label this transformation $S:(x, y) \rightarrow(y,-x)$
