Lesson 16: Graphing from the Vertex Form

• Let's use vertex form to reason about a graph.

16.1: Math Talk: When *x* Is -7

Evaluate each expression when *x* is -7:

x + 4

 $(x + 4)^2$

 $-(x+4)^2$

 $-(x+4)^2+5$

16.2: Four Functions

1. Complete the table of values for each function. $f(x) = (x - 4)^2$

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
f(x)								

$$g(x) = -(x-4)^2$$

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
g(x)								

2. Use the completed tables to answer these questions:

a. What are the coordinates of the vertex of each graph? How can you tell?

b. Does the graph of function f open up or down? How can you tell?

c. Does the graph of function *g* open up or down? How can you tell?

3. Suppose function *h* is defined by $h(x) = (x - 4)^2 + 5$ and function *j* is defined by $j(x) = -(x - 4)^2 + 5$. Make predictions about the graph of each function using the questions here. If you get stuck, try creating a tables of values.

a. What are the coordinates of the vertex of the graph of *h* and *j*?

b. Which way—up or down—does the graph of each function open? How do you know?

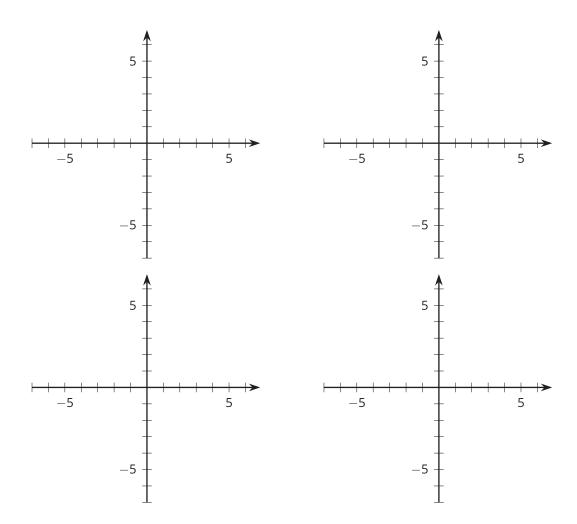
16.3: Four More Functions

Here are some tables of values that represent quadratic functions.

x		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
t(x)		-11	-2	1	-2	-11	-26	-47
x		-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
u(x))	13	4	1	4	13	28	49

	x	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
	v(x)) 76	49	28	13	4	1	4
	x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2
ι	v(x)	-47	-26	-11	-2	1	-2	-11

1. Make a rough sketch of a graph of each function. Label the vertex of each graph with its coordinates.





2. Here are some expressions that define quadratic functions. Match each function t, u, v, and w with an expression that defines it.

a.
$$3x^{2} + 1$$

b. $-3(x - 4)^{2} + 1$
c. $3(x - 4)^{2} + 1$
d. $-3x^{2} + 1$