Unit 7 Lesson 14: Rewriting Quadratic Expressions

1 Writing Quadratics in Standard Form (Warm up)

Student Task Statement

Use the given information to write a quadratic expression in standard form.

- $a = k^2$
- $b = 2k \cdot m$
- $c = m^2$
- 1. k = 1, m = 3
- 2. k = 2, m = 3
- 3. k = 2, m = 4
- 4. k = 3, m = 5

2 Practice Writing Expressions in Standard Form

Student Task Statement

In their math class, Priya and Tyler are asked to rewrite (5x + 2)(x - 3) into standard form.

Priya likes to use diagrams to rewrite expressions like these, so her work looks like this.

	x	-3
5 <i>x</i>	$5x^{2}$	-15x
2	2x	-6

$$5x(x-3) + 2(x-3)$$

$$5x^2 - 15x + 2x - 6$$

$$5x^2 - 13x - 6$$

$$5x^2 - 15x + 2x - 6$$

$$5x^2 - 13x - 6$$

Use either of these methods or another method you prefer to rewrite these expressions into standard form.

1.
$$(2x + 1)(2x - 3)$$

2.
$$(4x - 1)(\frac{1}{2}x - 3)$$

3.
$$(3x - 5)^2$$

4.
$$(2x + 1)^2$$

3 Find the Values

Student Task Statement

For each question, find the value of k and m then determine the value of m^2 .

- 1. $\circ k > 0$
 - $k^2 = 100$
 - $\circ 2km = 40$
- 2. $\circ k < 0$
 - $k^2 = 9$
 - \circ 2km = 30
- 3. $\circ k < 0$
 - $k^2 = 16$
 - $\circ \ 2km = -40$
- 4. $\circ k > 0$
 - $k^2 = 4$
 - $\circ 2km = -28$
- 5. $\circ k > 0$
 - $k^2 = 49$
 - \circ 2km = 14
- 6. $\circ k > 0$
 - $k^2 = 0.25$
 - $\circ \ 2km = 12$